



URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
for the year
1964.

Including the Report of the
Public Health Inspector.

URBAN DISTRICT OF BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH
MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL JUNE 1964 - MAY 1965

Chairman: Councillor S.J. Langrish, J.P.

Councillor	J.R. Booth
"	J. Dowding
"	Brig. E.H. Grant
"	C.E. Jefferies
"	F.J. Nethercoat
"	Mrs. H.D. Robinson
"	D. Saunders
"	Mrs. V.A. Williams

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

Medical Officer of Health:

T.D. Blott, B.Sc., M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector:

J.C. Angus, M.A.P.H.I.

Clerk:

Mrs. E.M. Rezelman.



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To the Chairman and Members of the
Burnham-on-Crouch Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on
the health of the district during 1964.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J.A. Slattery,

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

(The figures in brackets refer to 1963)

Area		5,525 acres
Population - Registrar General's estimate for mid year		4,310
Rateable value at 1st April 1964		£144,029
Product of a penny rate at 1st April 1964		£592
Live Births: Number	70	(60)
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	16.24	(14.28)
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	8.57	(5.00)
Still Births: Number	3	(Nil)
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 live and still births	41.09	(Nil)
Total live and still births	73	(60)
Infant Deaths - (Deaths under 1 year)	Nil	(1)
Infant Mortality Rates		
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	Nil	(16.66)
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	Nil	(17.54)
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Nil	(Nil)
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)	Nil	(16.66)
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	Nil	(16.66)
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still births and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births)	41.09	(16.66)
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	Nil	(Nil)
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births	Nil	(Nil)
Deaths:- Male 38 Crude death rate per 1,000		
Female 32 of estimated resident		
Total 70 population	16.24	(11.42)
Registrar General Comparability Factor of	1.25	(1.25)
Births		
Deaths	0.76	(0.76)
Corrected Death Rate	12.34	(8.67)
Death Rate for England & Wales	11.3	(12.2)
Number of deaths under 1 year of age	Nil	(1)
Number of deaths under 4 weeks of age	Nil	(1)
Number of deaths under 1 week of age	Nil	(1)

TABULAR STATEMENT OF CAUSES OF DEATH

(The figures in brackets refer to 1963)

	<u>Males</u>		<u>Females</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Tuberculosis, other	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Syphilitic Disease	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Diphtheria	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Whooping Cough	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Meningococcal infections	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Measles	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(2)
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	1	(1)	-	(1)	1	(2)
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	(-)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	(-)	-	(1)	-	(1)
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	5	(1)	2	(1)	7	(2)
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Diabetes	-	(-)	1	(-)	1	(-)
Vascular lesions of nervous system	4	(1)	9	(7)	13	(8)
Coronary disease, angina	15	(4)	7	(3)	22	(7)
Hypertension with heart disease	-	(-)	-	(1)	-	(1)
Other heart disease	1	(2)	3	(2)	4	(4)
Other circulatory disease	-	(2)	1	(2)	1	(4)
Influenza	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Pneumonia	1	(2)	3	(3)	4	(5)
Bronchitis	2	(3)	1	(-)	3	(3)
Other diseases of the respiratory system	1	(-)	-	(-)	1	(-)
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1	(-)	-	(-)	1	(-)
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Nephritis and nephrosis	1	(-)	-	(-)	1	(-)
Hyperplasia of prostate	1	(-)	-	(-)	1	(-)
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
Congenital malformations	-	(1)	-	(-)	-	(1)
Other defined and ill defined diseases	3	(4)	2	(2)	5	(6)
Motor vehicle accidents	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
All other accidents	-	(-)	2	(1)	2	(1)
Suicide	2	(-)	-	(-)	2	(-)
Homicide and operations of war	-	(-)	-	(-)	-	(-)
	<u>38</u>	<u>(22)</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>(26)</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>(48)</u>

Tabular statement of deaths classified according to ages:-

				<u>Number of Deaths</u>		
				<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Under 1				-	-	-
5 and under 15				-	1	1
15 "	"	25		1	-	1
25 "	"	35		1	-	1
35 "	"	45		1	-	1
45 "	"	55		1	1	2
55 "	"	65		6	1	7
65 "	"	75		10	15	25
75 and over				18	14	32
				<u>38</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>70</u>

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS

Whooping Cough	- 8	Erysipelas	- 2
Measles	- 24	Acute Pneumonia	- 1
Infective Hepatitis	- 1		

TUBERCULOSIS - NEW CASES AND MORTALITY

One new case of Tuberculosis was notified and there were no deaths from this disease.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES
(PROVIDED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL)

Every Monday.	School Dental Service.
Each Tuesday morning.	Speech Therapy.
1st and 3rd Tuesday afternoons in each month.	Ante Natal Relaxation Classes
1st Monday afternoon in each month.	Ophthalmic Clinic.
Each Wednesday morning.	Chiropodist for aged persons.
Each Thursday.	Chiropodist for aged persons.
Each Friday afternoon.	Child Welfare Clinic.
4th Friday morning in each month,	School Clinic.

All the above are held at the Essex County Council Clinic,
Crouch Road.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Burnham-on-Crouch Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in once again presenting the record of the work carried out by the Public Health Department for the year 1964.

The amount of new legislation introduced which affects this Department appears to increase each year and 1964 was no exception as four Acts of Parliament were passed and 38 sets of Regulations and circulars were issued. All legislation relating to health is vitally and equally important but the Housing Act, which became operative in August, is outstanding in its attempt to raise the standards of living conditions. The Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, published in 1963, also came into force during this year, its aim being to improve the working conditions of persons in non industrial premises.

I wish to express my thanks to the Members of the Council for their support and to the Officers for their continued co-operation. To my staff I am deeply indebted for a year's work well done.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J.C. Angus,

Public Health Inspector.

Water Supply

During the year 23 routine samples of water were taken from the Council's Waterworks, Southminster Road, and submitted for bacteriological examination. One further sample taken from the Borehole was forwarded for chemical analysis to the Public Analyst. All samples gave satisfactory results, indicating the water to be wholesome.

A few premises in the district are still supplied with water from private wells and in terms of the Public Health Act, 1936, these waters are also sampled periodically. Of seven samples taken in the year, one gave an unsatisfactory result. The owner was consulted, chlorination was increased and further samples proved satisfactory.

Factories

Forty-nine premises are registered as Factories in this district under the Factories Act, 1961. Although no serious contraventions of the provisions of the Act were detected, it was necessary to request the occupiers of two mechanical factories to carry out alterations and improvements to their sanitary conveniences. These works were duly completed.

As required by the Ministry of Health Appendix 1 to this report sets out the prescribed particulars on the administration of the Act.

Houseboats and Jetties

In terms of the Essex County Council Act 1952 the owners of houseboats and jetties are required to make application for the Council's consent to moor houseboats and erect jetties. These applications are lodged annually and in 1964 consents were given for 12 houseboats and 8 jetties. It is a condition of the licence that the vessels and jetties must be kept in good repair and state of decoration. In three cases the houseboats were not properly maintained and it was necessary to follow statutory procedure and have these demolished. Two of the vessels, whose owners could not be traced, were demolished by the Council. The owner of the third commenced the work of demolition towards the end of the year.

Caravans and Camping Sites

The number of caravan sites in the district remained at three, which included that owned and operated by the Council. The sites are in use from April until October only and each one is provided with piped water supply and waterborne sanitation.

In mid - 1964, work was completed on the construction of the new sanitary accommodation for males and females in the Council owned Playing Fields. These conveniences will adequately meet the needs of the campers who occupy the nearby camping area during the Summer season.

Rodent Control

The following table gives details of the inspections made and action taken at premises under the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act 1949.

	Type of Property				
	Local Authority (1)	Dwelling Houses (including Council Houses) (2)	All other (including Business Premises) (3)	Total of Cols. (1) & (2) & (3) (4)	Agri-cultural (5)
1. No. of properties in Local Authority's District	5	1586	286	1877	27
2. No. of properties inspected as a result of:					
(a) Notification	-	36	13	49	-
(b) Survey	5	29	15	49	3 (Allot.)
(c) Otherwise	-	-	-	-	-
3. Total inspections including re-inspections	499	600	459	1558	89

A part-time Rodent Operator is employed by the Council to carry out all necessary practical work relating to rodent control. He works under the general direction of the Public Health Inspector and is able to give prompt and efficient attention to all complaints.

Where infestations occur in business premises, the occupiers are charged at the rate of 7/6d. per hour for the Council's service. This charge includes the cost of materials.

Of 70 properties where evidence was found of rodents, 61 were treated for rats and 9 for mice. These infestations were all minor and were eradicated within a short time of being found. In appropriate instances following treatment the owners of properties were advised to carry out certain structural repairs to prevent the re-entry of vermin. Such defects as broken or missing sub-floor ventilating gratings and holed door steps give vermin the ideal means of access to properties and it is imperative that owners pay greater attention to such matters and rectify any faults quickly.

Maldon Rural District Council continue operating a contractual rodent control service to certain farms in the area.

Housing

A start was made in 1963 to a general housing survey of the district and this was recorded in my previous Annual Report. The survey was completed early this year and valuable knowledge was gained on the standard of fitness of all dwellings and on the availability of standard amenities and public utilities. The survey disclosed that of the total of 1,450 privately owned dwellings surveyed, 1044 were owner occupied and 406 tenanted. Of the total number of properties:-

- 3% lacked an internal sink;
- 30% " a fixed bath in a bathroom;
- 28% " an inside W.C;
- 22% " a hot water system connected to sink, bath and wash-hand basin;
- 44% " a proper larder.

In 7 cases neither gas nor electricity was connected to the properties.

Almost one year has now lapsed since the completion of the survey and many improvements have been and are being carried out by willing owners on the sub standard dwellings.

In August the Housing Act, 1964, was published and the information collated at the time of the survey was found to be invaluable when preparing statistics for defining an improvement area. The first improvement area was declared by the Council on 24th November.

At the time of declaration the area comprised 233 dwellings. Of these 152 were owner occupied, 78 were tenanted and 3 were empty. 53 of the owner occupied and 7 of the tenanted dwellings had all five standard amenities.

The Act provides an element of compulsion with regard to the improvement of rented accommodation and the duty of enforcement rests with each Council. In introducing the Act the Government aims to increase the rate of improvement so that in ten years two million sub-standard dwellings will have been dealt with. These powers will overcome a landlord's reluctance to improve his property and eventually a tenant's unwillingness to approve improvements.

The Act also enables any tenant at any time to request his Council to exercise their powers and compel improvements. Two such applications were received and approved by the Council before the end of the year and it is to be hoped that many more will be forthcoming.

During the year 22 applications were received and approved for Standard Improvement Grants to assist owners to modernise their dwelling houses. Of this total, 18 were in respect of owner occupied houses and 4 concerned tenanted houses. The improvement works on 14 of these properties were completed before the end of December.

Three applications were also submitted by owner occupiers for Discretionary Improvement Grants and in one case the applicant proposed converting his three storey house into two self-contained flats. These were all formally approved and the alterations were completed during the year in one of these houses.

A total of 163 visits of inspection were made in connection with Improvement Grants.

The 1964 Housing Act amended the law relating to certain aspects of Improvement Grants. Although the grant payable remains at one-half the final cost of the approved work, the maximum possible for Standard Grants has been raised to £350. The limit is set by the Council at the time they consider the application.

It is hoped to give more publicity to Improvement Grants in the next twelve months.

No applications were received for Certificates of Disrepair under the Rent Act 1957.

Statistics

Number of dwellings erected during the year

(i) By the Local Authority	1
(ii) By Private Enterprise	
Flats	12
Houses	<u>67</u> <u>79</u>
	<u>80</u>

Three Council owned properties were closed and the occupants rehoused in alternative accommodation. When the fourth house is vacated early in the New Year the houses will be demolished.

Unfit Houses made fit and Houses in which defects were remedied

	<u>By Owner</u>	<u>By Local Authority</u>
After informal action by Local Authority	11	-
After Formal Notice		
(a) Public Health Act	3	-
(b) Housing Act 1957	-	-
(c) Under Section 24 Housing Act 1957	-	-

Summary of Notices Served during 1964

Statutory Notices Served

Public Health Act 1936	- 6
Essex County Council Act 1952	- 3
Prevention of Damage by Pests Act 1949	- 1

Statutory Notices complied with

Public Health Act 1936	- 3
Essex County Council Act 1952	- 2

Informal Notices served under the Housing, Public Health, Food & Drugs, Factories, Prevention of Damage by Pests, Offices, Shops & Railway Premises and other Acts

Notices served	- 18
Notices complied with	- 13

Petroleum Acts and Regulations

In accordance with the provisions of the Petroleum (Consolidation) Acts, 1928 - 1936, annual licences were granted and renewed to the occupiers of ten premises for the storage of petroleum spirit. One of these licences is in respect of a can store.

In the interests of safety, when any underground petrol storage tank attains the age of 25 years, the tank and its pipelines must undergo and pass prescribed tests.

The testing of three such petroleum installations was commenced before the end of the year to ensure that the tanks, pumps, etc. were in good working order. In one case repairs were carried out to vent pipes. The three licences were issued when tests proved the installations to be satisfactory.

Typhoid Outbreak in Aberdeen

In June, the Ministry of Health informed all Local Authorities of the markings on the can of corned beef suspected of having been the cause of the Typhoid outbreak in Aberdeen.

Letters were sent to all appropriate food premises in the town advising the occupiers to check their stocks and withdraw from sale specified cans of corned beef. Visits were also made to some of the premises but no suspected food was found in Burnham. During the time of the outbreak and as a precautionary measure, a notice was inserted in a local newspaper requesting any local resident who had visited Aberdeen to so advise the Health Department. No one came forward and no further action was considered necessary.

Food Complaints

Two complaints relating to food were received from local residents during the year.

One of these complaints alleged that a tiny piece of wood which had been inside a packet of breakfast cereal had lodged in the person's upper palate causing slight laceration. Although the cereal was sold from a shop in this district, it was manufactured in another town.

In the second case, a cake purchased from a Supermarket situated outside the town was found to be affected by mould. Investigations established that the cake was almost four weeks old when sold and that it had been delivered to the shop under a different name by a salesman who was subsequently dismissed.

Both manufacturers gave written assurances that everything possible would be carried out to prevent recurrences. No further action was taken.

Food & Drugs Act 1955.

Section 16 - Registered Premises

There are in the district 28 premises registered under Section 16 of the Food & Drugs Act 1955, 24 of which are in respect of ice cream premises. Four are registered for the purpose of the preparation and manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food intended for sale.

The registration of the vendors of ice cream is also secured by the Essex County Council Act 1933, Section 158, and the number of persons registered is now 24.

No manufacture of ice cream is carried out in this district.

Food Businesses in District

The following types of food business were carried on in the district at 59 premises.

Ice Cream	24	Milk Distributors	8
Grocery Provisions, Bread, Confectionery, etc.	28	Dairies	1
Greengrocery and Fruit	6	Bakehouses	2
Wet Fish	2	Butchers	4
Fried Fish	1	Slaughterhouses	1
Hotel, Restaurants, Cafes, Clubs and Licensed Premises	21		

Sampling

One sample of oysters and two samples of wrapped ice cream were submitted for bacteriological examination and all were found to be satisfactory.

Meat Inspection

There is only 1 private slaughterhouse in the district which is licensed under the Slaughterhouse Act. Until the month of August slaughtering took place on an average of one day per week and a detailed inspection of each carcase was carried out in accordance with the provisions of the 1963 Meat Inspection Regulations. This detailed examination resulted in considerably more time being spent on meat inspection than hitherto.

At the beginning of August the licensee of the slaughterhouse permitted the premises to be used for Sunday slaughtering and, in order to maintain the 100% meat inspection service it was found necessary to carry out these duties during week ends. Local Authorities have not been given powers to control the days and hours of slaughtering but this I feel must come in future legislation to avoid unreasonable burdens being placed on limited inspectorial staff. It is each Local Authority's responsibility to ensure that adequate staff is available to carry out this essential Public Health service and in November the Council agreed to appoint a veterinary surgeon as a meat inspector to assist me as required. This arrangement proved very satisfactory.

The Council also decided during the year to charge the owner of the slaughterhouse for each animal inspected, the charges imposed being those prescribed in the Regulations.

55 visits, including 16 Sunday visits, were made to the slaughterhouse for the purpose of inspecting post mortem a total of 567 animals. This represents an increase of 340 animals over the number slaughtered last year.

Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part

	Cattle exclu- ding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	Horses	Total
Number killed (if known)	95	7	1	421	43	-	567
Number inspected	95	7	1	421	43	-	567

All diseases except Tuberculosis
and Cysticerci

Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	14	1	-	59	6	-	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tubercu- losis and cysticerci	14.7	14.3	-	14.0	13.9	-	

Tuberculosis only

Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	2.3	-	

Cysticercosis

Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Slaughtermen

Two persons were licensed as slaughtermen under the provisions of the Slaughter of Animals Act 1958.

Diseases of Animals (Waste Foods) Order 1957

No applications were received during the year for licences under this Order.

Inspection of Other Foods

The following foodstuffs were surrendered voluntarily by local traders and were disposed of as being unfit for human consumption. Certificates of seizure were issued in each case.

Cooked Ham	-	11 lbs. 5 ozs.
Butter	-	<u>14 lbs. 0 ozs.</u>

25 lbs. 5 ozs.

Food Hygiene

The Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960, were made to secure improvements in all matters relating to the manufacture, distribution and sale of foodstuffs. They require all persons who are engaged in the handling of food to maintain satisfactory standards of cleanliness in the conduct of their business and in carrying out their work. Food workers must accept their responsibilities to the general public and at all times guard against any contamination of food.

Shops, catering establishments, food manufacturers, food vehicles and stalls all come within the scope of the Regulations and it is expressly the duty of the person who conducts the business to ensure that his premises, vehicle or stall comply with structural requirements. Guidance and advice on these matters can readily be obtained from the Department.

Unhygienic premises or food workers who have 'couldn't-care-less it might never happen' attitudes can no longer be tolerated. From a national point of view the public is becoming much more fastidious about the condition of their food and this could lead to an increase in the number of complaints.

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises

A new Act to make standards for the health, welfare and safety of employees in Offices, Shops and Railway Premises, became law during the year. It has been estimated that this legislation will apply to 8 million people in England and Wales working in approximately 1 million premises. Appendix II to this report sets out the prescribed particulars required on the administration of the Act.

Council Houses

The maintenance and supervision of all Council houses is the responsibility of this Department. In January the Council appointed a full time workman to my staff to carry out property repairs. Although he carries the main burden of the practical repair work, it is still necessary to give certain specific repairs to local Contractors.

Work was completed in the early part of the year on equipping 38 houses with a wash-hand basin, 1 house with a hot water system and wash-hand basin and 2 bungalows with a bathroom, hot water system and wash-hand basin. Only 3 houses are now in need of standard amenities.

All properties now conform to the overall colour scheme, with the completion in September of the external painting of the last 47 houses.

Many of the houses constructed pre-1945 are in need of electrical improvements and this work is scheduled for next year.

The following statistics show the various defects and items of disrepair which were the subject of complaint or found as a result of inspection:-

Exterior

Roofs repaired	15	
Doors renewed, eased or repaired	78	
Windows eased, repaired or renewed	81	
Chimneys, pots renewed and other repairs	7	
Rainwater guttering and downpipes repaired or renewed	33	
Paths repaired	3	
Gates, posts and fences repaired or renewed	14	
Dustbins renewed	17	
Pointing repaired	2	
Letterboxes renewed	9	
Ventilators fitted to windows	5	
Miscellaneous	<u>19</u>	283

Rayburn Cookers		
Firebricks renewed	12	
New bottom grates	8	
Boilers renewed	4	
Miscellaneous repairs	9	
Open Fires		
Firebricks renewed	14	
New stools and bottom grates supplied	14	
New tiled surrounds	5	
Back boilers repaired or renewed	8	
Miscellaneous repairs	6	
Wall and ceiling plasterwork repaired	18	
Interior doors renewed	1	
Wood flooring and stairs repaired or renewed	4	
Wash boilers repaired or renewed	2	
Cookers renewed	4	
Faulty gas fittings repaired or renewed	17	
Refrigerators repaired	16	
Electrical fittings repaired, renewed or provided	56	
Miscellaneous	26	
Redecoration - New Tenancies	5	
Refrigerator installed	<u>1</u>	<u>230</u>

Brought forward

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Water Supplies

Hot water safety valves repaired or renewed	9	
Hot water supply piping repaired or renewed	10	
Cold water supply piping repaired or renewed	10	
Ball valves repaired or renewed to:-		
Water waste Preventers	23	
Storage tanks	30	
Stopcocks repaired or renewed	12	
Taps repaired or renewed	19	
Hot water cylinders renewed	8	
Hot water cylinders repaired	2	
Cold water storage tanks renewed	5	
Miscellaneous	<u>4</u>	132

Sanitary Facilities

W.C. Flush Pipe joints repaired or renewed	2	
Waste pipes repaired	9	
Waste traps renewed or repaired	11	
Soil pipes repaired	10	
Sinks replaced	4	
W.C. cisterns repaired or renewed	33	
W.C. pans renewed	1	
W.C. seats repaired or renewed	10	
Draining boards repaired or renewed	13	
Wash-hand basins installed	40	
Baths installed	2	
Hot water system installed	2	
Gullys, hopper heads, etc. repaired or renewed	13	
Overflow pipes repaired or renewed	4	
Miscellaneous	<u>7</u>	<u>161</u>

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APPENDIX I

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1964 FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT OF BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH IN THE COUNTY OF ESSEX

PREScribed PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1961

PART I OF THE ACT

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	7	5	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	36	31	2	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers' Premises).	6	4	-	-
Total	49	40	2	-

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more cases).

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred		
			To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature(S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-

APPENDIX I (CONTD.)

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2	2	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK

(SECTIONS 110 and 111)

Nature of Work (1)	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of out- workers in August list required by Section 110(1)(c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	No. of prose- cutions for failure to supply lists (4)	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prose- cutions (7)
Wearing apparel } Making etc. Cleaning and Washing	2	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2	-	-	-	-	-

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT 1963

Particulars to be included in the annual reports to the Minister of Labour by local authorities and the London County Council under section 60.

Name of Authority: BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

TABLE A - REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Period covered.....Year. 1964.....

Class of premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Offices	6	6	1
Retail Shops	35	34	-
Wholesale shops, warehouses	-	-	-
Catering establishments open to the public, canteens	5	5	-
Fuel storage depots	-	-	-
Totals	46	45	1

TABLE B - NUMBER OF VISITS OF ALL KINDS BY INSPECTORS TO REGISTERED PREMISES

APPENDIX II (Contd.)

TABLE C - ANALYSIS OF RECORDED PARTICULARS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES
BY WORKPLACE

Class of workplace (1)	Number of persons employed (2)
Offices	30
Retail shops	100
Wholesale departments, warehouses	-
Catering establishments open to the public	25
Canteens	-
Fuel storage depots	-
Total	155
Total Males	50
Total Females	105

TABLE D - EXEMPTIONS

Class of premises	No. of exemptions current at 31st December (2)	No. of exemptions granted or extended during year (3)	No. of applications refused or exemptions withdrawn during year (4)	No. of cases in cols. (3) and (4) where employees opposed application (5)	Appeals to Courts against refusal to grant or extend an exemption or against the withdrawal of an exemption	
					No. made (6)	No. allowed (7)
(1)						
Part I - space (sec. 5(2))						
Offices						
Retail shops						
Wholesale shops, warehouses						
Catering establishments open to public, canteens						
Fuel storage depots						
Part II - temperature (sec. 6)						
Offices						
Retail shops						
Wholesale shops, warehouses						
Catering establishments open to public, canteens						
Fuel storage depots						
Part III - sanitary conveniences (sec. 9)						
Offices						
Retail shops						
Wholesale shops, warehouses						
Catering establishments open to public, canteens						
Fuel storage depots						
Part IV - washing facilities (sec. 10)						
Offices						
Retail shops						
Wholesale shops, warehouses						
Catering establishments open to public, canteens						
Fuel storage depots						

